

ISO 20022



Introduction to ISO 20022 – Universal financial industry message scheme



Agenda



- ISO 20022:
 - The value proposition
 - The standard
 - The actors
 - The registration process
 - The repository
- ISO 20022 registration platform
- Interoperability within the financial industry



The ISO 20022 value proposition (1/5)



Objective

To enable communication interoperability between financial institutions, their market infrastructures and their end-user communities

Major obstacle

Numerous overlapping standardization initiatives looking at XML financial messages:

MDDL, FIX, FinXML, VRXML, RIXML, XBRL, FpML, IFX, TWIST,

RosettaNet, OAGi, ACORD, etc.



The ISO 20022 value proposition (2/5)



Proposed solution

A single standardisation approach (methodology, process, repository) to be used by all financial standards initiatives

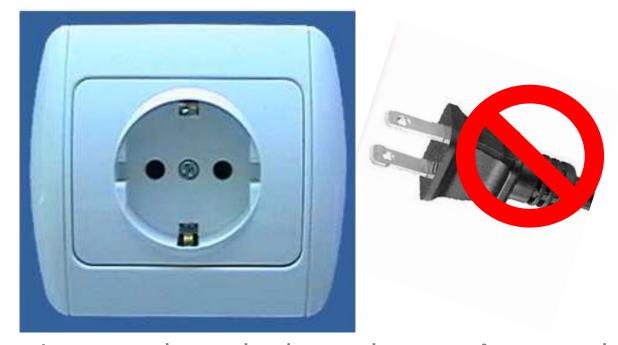
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The ISO 20022 value proposition (3/5)



Convergence into ONE standard is the long term objective...



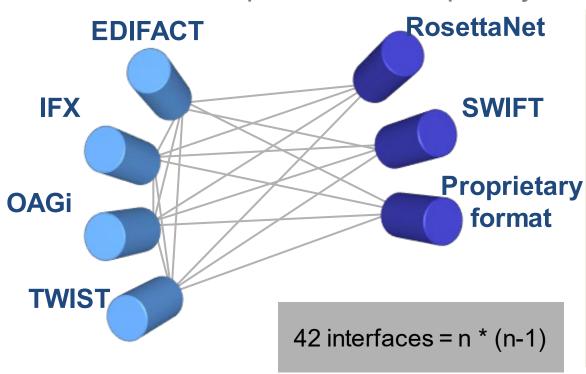
... but in the interim several standards need to **coexist** to enable quick response to competitive pressures and regulatory demands



The ISO 20022 value proposition (4/5)



Growth adds exponential complexity and expense...



Without common building blocks:

- Point-to-point connection
- Data is mapped directly from one application to another
- Costly, unsalable and difficult to implement and maintain
- Process, routing, rules logic needs to be coded to specific message types

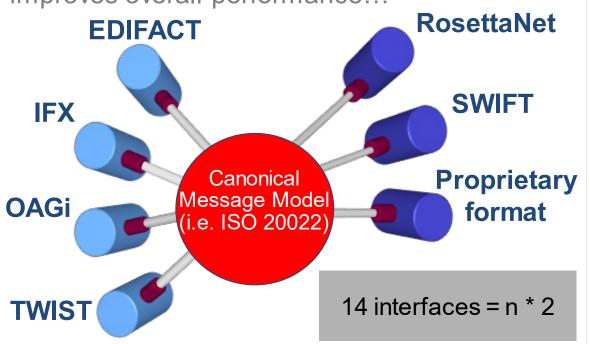


The ISO 20022 value proposition (5/5)



Standardized implementation reduces cost, time to effect change and

improves overall performance...



Canonical message model =

- True process integration
- Reduced brittleness, faster to respond to change
- Shared message services single/shared parser, message independent rules engine, etc.
- Unified monitoring / audit trail

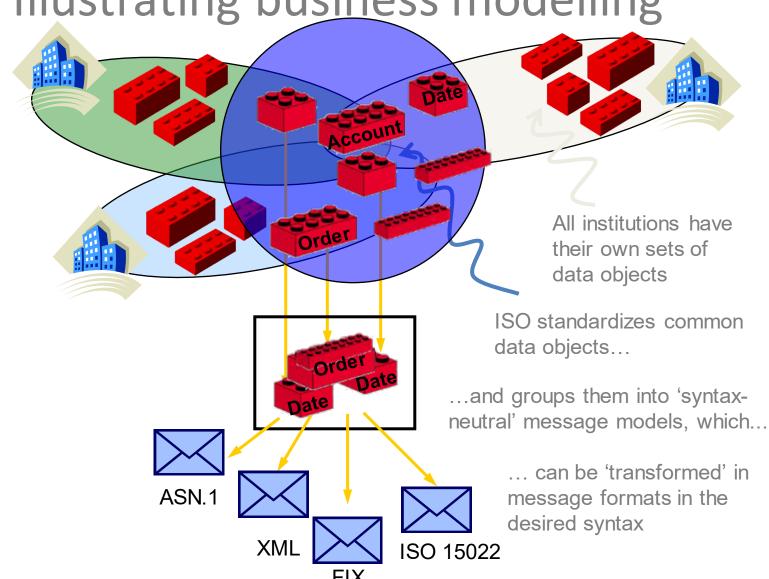
ISO aims at long term convergence, while facilitating short term coexistence...



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Illustrating business modelling





The ISO 20022 recipe Main ingredients (1/2)



- Modelling-based standards development
 - Syntax-independent business standard
 - Validated by the industry
- Syntax-specific design rules for XML and ASN.1
 - Predictable and 'automatable'
 - Protect standard from technology evolution
- Reverse engineering approach
 - Protect industry investment and ease interoperability
 - Prepare for future migration



The ISO 20022 recipe Main ingredients (2/2)



- Development / registration process
 - Clearly identified activities and roles
 - Business experts and future users involved upfront
 - Technical experts involved when required
- Repository on the ISO 20022 website
 - Business Process Catalogue & Data Dictionary
 - Outside of official standard (maintained by registration bodies)

www.iso20022.org



The eight parts of ISO 20022



Part 1: Metamodel

Part 2: UML profile

Part 3: Modelling

Part 4: XML schema generation

Part 5: Reverse engineering

Part 6: Message transport characteristics

Part 7: Registration

Part 8: ASN.1 generation

Copies can be obtained from www.iso.org





ISO 20022: The actors (1/2)

- Registration Management Group, RMG
 - Approve business justifications for new message standards
 - Approve new member entities
 - Create Standard Evaluation Groups (SEGs)
- Standards Evaluation Groups, SEGs
 - Represent users in specific financial areas
 - Validate new candidate messages and change requests





ISO 20022: The actors (2/2)

- Registration Authority, RA
 - Ensure compliance
 - Maintain and publish ISO 20022 Repository
- Technical Support Group, TSG
 - Assist RMG, SEGs, RA and submitting organisations



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Candidate ISO 20022 messages

The registration process (1/2)

R M G m 0 n 0

Submitting organisation **Business** justification **RMG** Submitting **SEG** RA Submitting organisation & users

Financial industry group or standards body

Business justification

Project approval and allocation to a SEG

Development and provisional registration

Business validation

Official registration and publication ISO 20022 messages

Optional pilot testing or first implementers



ISO 20022 registration process (2/2) Yearly maintenance process

Timing

By June 1

By July 7

By August 21

By October 1

By December 1

By February 1

By February - May **Users CRs**

SEG

Submitting organisation

SEG

Submitting organisation

SEG

RA

Submitting organisation & users

Users introduce Change Requests to the RA

SEG screens Change Requests (CRs)

Submitting organisation prepares 'Maintenance Change Request' with each CR implementation

SEG approval/rejection

Development of candidate new versions Provisional publication

Validation of new versions

Registration and publication

First implementers



ISO 20022 - The Financial Repository

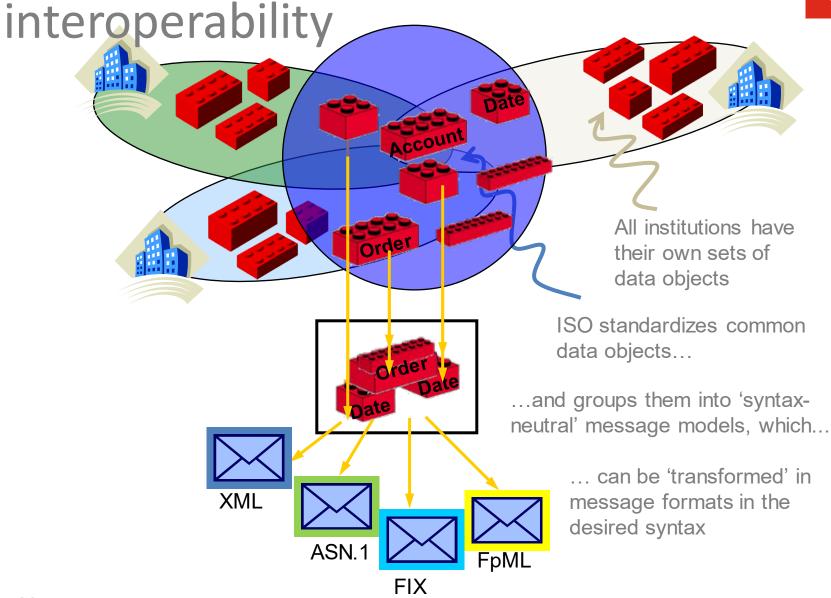


- Data Dictionary
 - Business Concepts
 - Message Concepts
 - Data Types
- Business Process Catalogue
 - Financial business process models
 - Financial business transactions, including messages
 - XML or ASN.1 message schemas



Using ISO 20022 modelling to reach



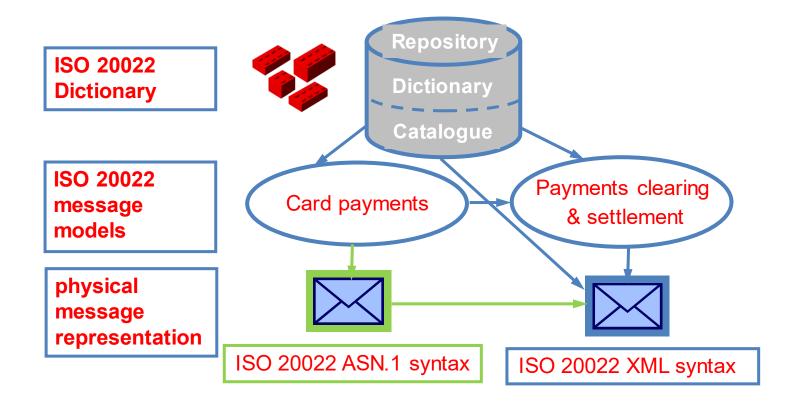


17 Intro to ISO 20022



ISO 20022 compliance at model level

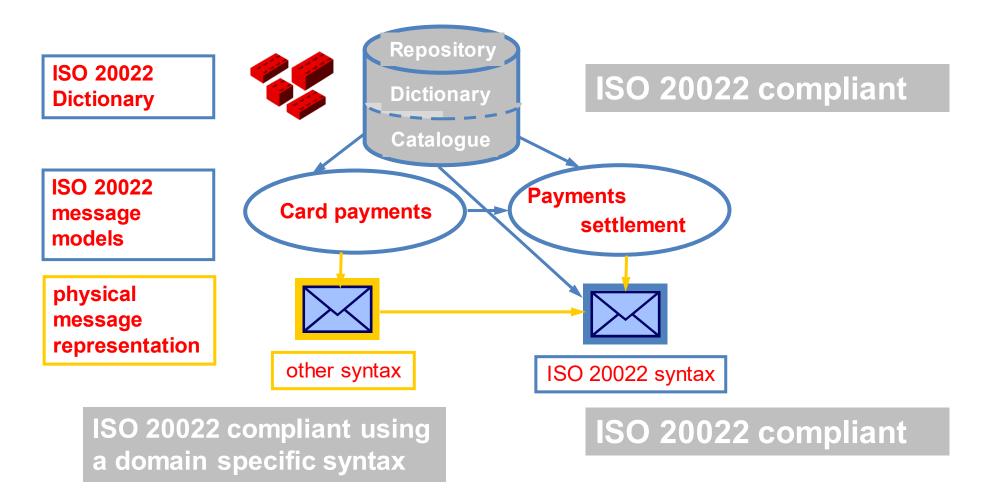






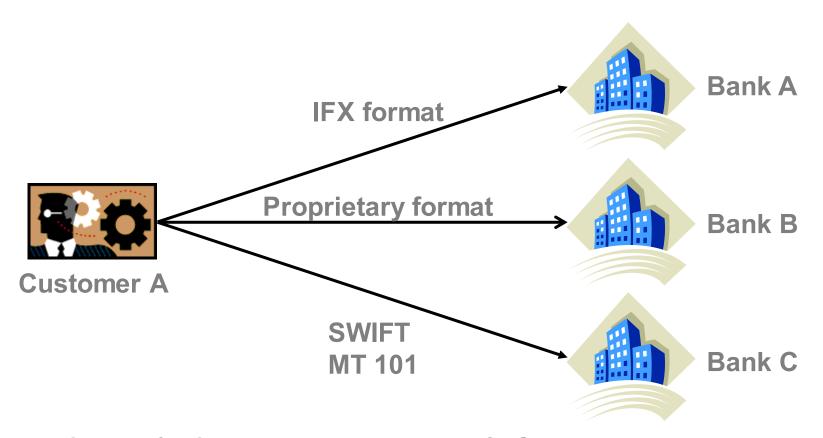
ISO 20022 compliance at model level







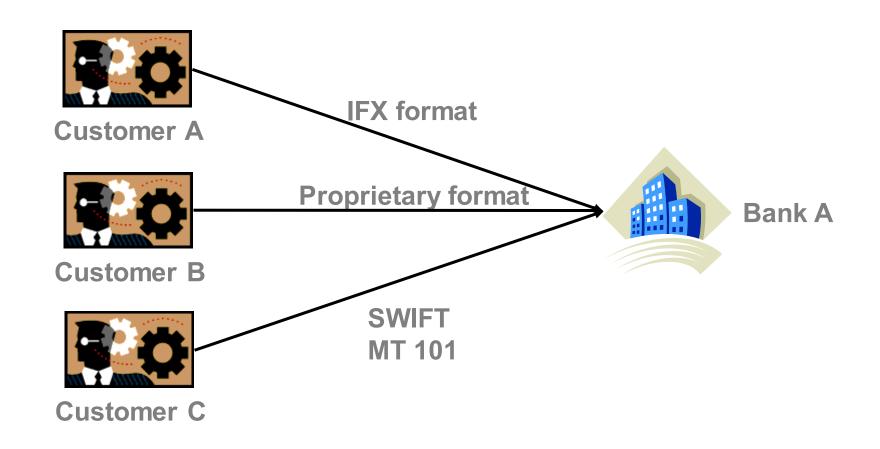




Let us look at a concrete example from payments area: a customer may need to adapt to the format of the banks...



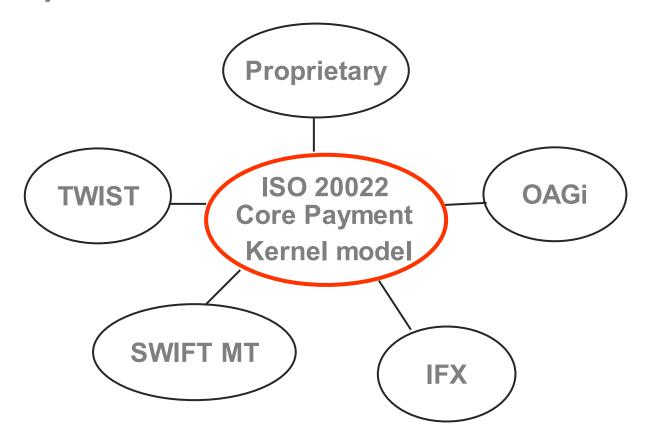




...or banks may need to accept many formats...



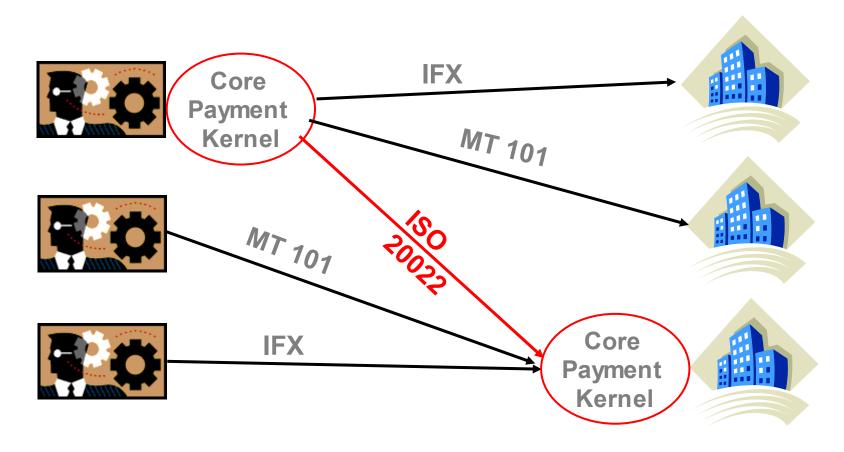




The reverse engineering produces a canonical ISO 20022 message model







Adopting ISO 20022 facilitates convergence and co-existence

Additional information available from www.iso20022.org